

# **Audit Findings Report – 31 August 2021**

Management Letter to Trustees following conclusion of the Audit 20 November 2021

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## Landau Baker Limited

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## 1. Introduction and Management Summary

#### 1.1 Outline

This report has been prepared for the trustees of Westgate School for following the audit of the financial statements for the year to 31 August 2021, and will be presented by Landau Baker Limited at the meeting of the trustees on 23 November 2021. The comments and recommendations made in this report arose as a result of our review and are for the sole use of the trustees. No responsibility to any third party is accepted as the report has not been prepared, and is not intended, for any other purpose.

Our audit work has been carried out with the express objective to enable us to offer an opinion on the financial statements, thus ensuring that they are compliant with the prevailing regulatory requirement listed below:

- Companies Act 2006
- UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practices (including FRS 102)
- Charities Statement of Recognised Practice (2015)
- Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021

We have also carried out a limited assurance engagement as to whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by Westgate School for the year to 31 August 2021 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

The scope of the above work has been communicated to the trustees through our audit planning letter, and our terms of engagement detail the respective responsibilities both Landau Baker Limited and the trustees.

We would like to express our thanks to Sarah Macbeth and the finance team for their assistance during the audit.

#### 1.2 Nature and Scope of the Audit

We set out below an outline of the nature and scope, including where relevant, any limitations thereon, of the work we propose to undertake and the form of the report we expect to make.

We have a duty to form an opinion on the financial statements at the end of the audit. We must give an opinion on whether the financial statements give a true and fair view at the year end, whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Acts 2006, we must also state whether all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purpose of the audit have been obtained, whether proper books of account have been kept by the academy and whether the information given in the Trustees' Report is consistent with the financial statements.



We will express an unqualified opinion when the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with the financial reporting framework. Any modification to this unqualified audit opinion will be expressed in our auditor's report.

We will conduct our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. An audit includes an examination on a test basis of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

We will document the internal controls and the systems of the academy. We will review internal and external operational, financial, compliance and other risks facing the academy, which might affect the financial statements, including the likelihood of those risks materialising and how they are managed.

We will also document and review the control environment within the academy, including the attitude of management to controls and whether management have a process for keeping under review the effectiveness of the system of internal control and, where a review of the effectiveness of internal control has been carried out and the results of that review.

We will also review the actions that the trustees plan to take in response to matters such as developments in law, accounting standards and other developments relevant to the academy's financial statements.

### 1.3 Audit Opinion

At the date of this report, nothing has been identified which would warrant the issuing of a qualified audit opinion or modified conclusion in our regularity assurance report.

Our specific observations and recommendations have been highlighted in section 4.



## 2. Audit Approach

#### 2.1 Materiality

Our audit work does not attempt to verify that the financial statements are 100% correct. We employ the concept of materiality to decipher whether any error or misstatements found during the audit process require adjustment.

When assessing materiality, we utilise our professional judgement whilst considering the following:

- Whether the omission or misstatement of an individual item would reasonably influence the reader of the financial statements; and
- Whether the adjustment or non-adjustment of individual item would impact on the true and fair view of the financial statements.

The overall level of materiality for the financial statements of Westgate School has been set at £79,220. This was set during the planning stage of the audit, using the level of funding received by Westgate School, and we are satisfied that it continues to be appropriate.

Any unadjusted misstatements above the trivial level of £1,584 have been recorded on the Summary of Unadjusted Errors [Appendix 5.1].

## 2.2 Independence and Objectivity

In accordance with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC) Ethical Standards we as auditors must ensure that our independence and objectivity is maintained at all times. The following threat and safeguards identified at the planning stage were as follows:

#### a. Long association with the audit engagement

The engagement partner has not been involved with the audit for more than 10 years. However, there may be a perceived loss of independence due to self-interest, self-review or familiarity (per paragraph 1.29 FRC Ethical Standards). In order to address such threats, we applied the following safeguards appropriate to the audit. These are outlined below.

- i. The audit manager has not been involved with the audit for more than 5 years.
- ii. The perceived ethical threats are regularly reviewed.
- iii. A sample of our audit files are subject to review each year by an independent member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, who specialises in this type of technical review. The audit files selected for review are chosen by reference to the perceived risk associated with those audit files.
- iv. The Quality Assurance Directorate of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, who is our audit regulator,



- visits us from time to time and carries out, amongst other things, independent reviews of our audit files.
- v. We use an independently produced audit programme.
- vi. We use an independently produced accounts disclosure checklist.

#### b. Non-audit services provided to the audited entity

Landau Baker Limited is also engaged by Westgate School to provide the following non-audit services detailed immediately below.

- Preparation of Statutory Accounts
- Preparation and Submission of Corporation Tax Return
- Annual Accounts Return
- Teacher's Pension End of Year Certificate

There may therefore be a perceived loss of independence due to self-review and a management threat (as per FRC's Ethical Standards). In order to address such threats, we applied the following safeguards. These are outlined below.

- i. The non-audit services are provided by a separate team from the engagement team, and the team providing the non-audit services avoids taking any action or making any statement that compromises the independence or objectivity of the engagement team, for example, expressing any opinion about the approach that the engagement team might take or the conclusion it might reach when considering the appropriateness of accounting or other audit judgements.
- ii. The audit team is satisfied that a member of management has been designated by the audited entity to receive the results of the non-audit service and has been given the authority to make any judgements and decisions that are needed.
- iii. The audit team concludes that that member of management has the capability to make independent management judgements and decisions on the basis of the information provided.
- iv. The perceived ethical threats are regularly reviewed.
- v. A sample of our audit files are subject to review each year by an independent member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, who specialises in this type of technical review. The audit files selected for review are chosen by reference to the perceived risk associated with those audit files.
- vi. The Quality Assurance Directorate of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, who is our audit regulator, visits us from time to time and carries out, amongst other things, independent reviews of our audit files.

We confirm that, in our professional judgement and having regard to the safeguards in place, the firm is independent within the meaning of the FRC's Ethical Standards and



the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and staff has not been impaired during the course of our audit.

We have complied with the FRC's Ethical Standards and therefore we confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.

We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirement of the FRC's Ethical Standards.

### 2.3 Qualitative aspects of Accounting Policies and Financial Reporting

During the course of our audit, we consider the qualitative aspect of the financial reporting process, including items that have a significant impact on the relevance, reliability, comparability, understandability and materiality of the information provided by the financial statements. We would discuss, as necessary, the following items with the trustees:

- The appropriateness of the accounting policies to the particular circumstances of the academy;
- The timing of transactions and the period in which they are recorded;
- The appropriateness of accounting estimates and judgements (e.g. in relation to provisions), including the consistency of assumptions and degree of prudence reflected in the accounting records;
- The potential effect on the financial statements of any uncertainties including significant risks and disclosures, such as pending litigation, that are required to be disclosed in the financial statements;
- Material uncertainties related to events and conditions that may cast significant doubt on the academy's ability to continue as a going concern;
- The extent to which the financial statements are affected by any unusual transactions during the period and the extent to which such transactions during the period and the extent to which such transactions are separately disclosed in the financial statements; and
- Disagreements about the matters that, individually or in aggregate, could be significant to the academy's financial statements or in the auditor's report. These communications include consideration of whether the matters have or have not been resolved and the significance of the matters.

We trust that this more formal approach to the above matters will be helpful to you.

### 2.4 Trustees' Responsibilities

As required by the Companies Act 2006 s418 (2) the Trustees' Report is required to include a statement confirming at the date of approval of the financial statements, the trustees' have:

- taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information; and



- ensured so far as they are aware that there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware.



## 3. Key Audit Areas

Our audit work undertaken has been focused upon our assessment of the risk of misstatement of balances reported in the financial statements. Summarised below are the significant risks and reasonably possible risks identified at Westgate School, and a summary of the specific audit testing undertaken. Any key findings pertaining to the work undertaken are summarised in section 4.

## 3.1 Significant risks identified (ISA 315)

Significant risks are defined by professional standards as risks that, in the judgement of the auditor, require special consideration. The significant risks identified by the audit team are as follows:

Identified Audit Risk	Audit Approach & Findings			
The revenue cycle includes	Under ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue may be			
fraudulent transactions	misstated due to the improper revenue recognition of			
	revenue.			
	We will select 100% of grant income and a sample of non-			
	grant income from the sales ledger and trace these items			
	back to source documentation.			
	We will also review any funding restrictions in place.			
	Walkthrough tests will be performed on all other material			
	income streams to ensure the system is operating in line with			
	expectations.			
	Our audit work undertaken did not indicate any reason			
	why the identified audit risk could not be mitigated.			
Management override of	Under ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that the risk of			
controls	management override of controls is present in all entities.			
	We will review accounting estimates, judgements and			
	decisions made by management, test journal entries and			
	review unusual significant transactions.			
	Our audit work undertaken did not indicate any reason			
	why the identified audit risk could not be mitigated.			

## 3.2 Reasonably possible risks identified

Identified Audit Risk	Audit Approach & Findings			
Fund Allocation	Review the allocation between funds to confirm that it has			
	been correctly undertaken in accordance with both			
	regulation and precedence. Specifically confirm that income			
	and expenditure allocation is accurate and any transfer			
	between funds has the appropriate authority.			
	Our audit work undertaken did not indicate any reason			
	why the identified audit risk could not be mitigated.			
Payroll Costs	Agree the total payroll costs per the reports to the staff costs			
	reported in the financial statements. Agree payments made			
	on a sample basis.			
	Test check a sample of employees to ensure existence and			
	that their individual deductions are correctly calculated.			



Identified Audit Risk	Audit Approach & Findings			
	Our audit work undertaken did not indicate any reason			
	why the identified audit risk could not be mitigated.			
Local Government Pension	Sense check the assumptions made by the actuaries to ensure			
Scheme	that they are comparable with the industry standard.			
	Review the accuracy of the calculation made.			
	Our audit work undertaken did not indicate any reason			
	why the identified audit risk could not be mitigated.			
Related Parties	Enquire with management as to the existence of any related			
	parties. Review the accounting records and any other			
	governorships / directorships held, thus confirming that all			
	relevant disclosures have been made within the financial			
	statements.			
	Our audit work undertaken did not indicate any reason			
	why the identified audit risk could not be mitigated.			
Accounting Estimates	Consider and document all significant accounting estimates			
	used in the preparation of the financial statements.			
	Review all estimates made for accuracy, appropriateness and			
	consistency.			
	Our audit work undertaken did not indicate any reason			
	why the identified audit risk could not be mitigated.			
Governance	Review of the financial procedure manual and the financial			
	systems to ensure that the appropriate level of governance is			
	adhered to. Typical review work concerns the convening of			
	regular meetings, the timely submission of reports and the			
	correct disclosures made as prescribed by the prevailing			
	regulations.			
	Our audit work undertaken did not indicate any reason			
	why the identified audit risk could not be mitigated.			



## 4. Audit Findings

As stipulated by the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021, all findings detailed below have been given a priority rating as follows:



High Priority – should be addressed as a matter of urgency.



Medium Priority – recommendations to be implemented as soon as practical



Low Priority – recommendations made but little risk – to be dealt with in the future

## 4.1.1 Audit points identified in previous management letter dated 23 October 2020

Findings	Recommendation	<b>Current Position</b>	Priority
1. Fixed Asset Register	An asset register should be fully completed for all	The Civica system utilised by the trust for	
The fixed asset register did not agree to the	assets held by the academy, in order that it may be	asset recording and monitoring, did not	
fixed asset nominal codes including	used as a stock check and as the basis of an insurance	include the additions for the year. The	
depreciation per the trial balance at year end.	register. We recommend that the register be updated	depreciation charge was also not correctly	
There was a difference between the	as assets are acquired, sold or written-off. This	calculated within the software.	
depreciation charge within the balance sheet	should be reconciled monthly back to the trial		
nominal codes and the depreciation charge	balance, and any differences should be investigated	Additions for the year 2020/21 are being	
within the SOFA nominal codes.	promptly.	added to the Fixed Asset Register in	
	The following should be shown for all assets in the	2021/22 including the depreciation for	
	register:	those items.	
	description of assets including serial		
	numbers	The depreciation charge that was missed	
	<ul> <li>date of acquisition / disposal</li> </ul>	has been manually input to the system to	
	<ul> <li>original cost</li> </ul>	reflect the miscalculation in 2020/21	
	<ul> <li>replacement cost</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>location of assets</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>source of funding</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>details of disposals</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>depreciation rate and amount of</li> </ul>		
	depreciation		



Findings	Recommendation	<b>Current Position</b>	Priority
2. Bank reconciliation	Monthly bank reconciliations should be prepared,	There was no evidence that the bank	
For the last few months of the financial year,	reviewed, and signed to confirm agreement. Long	reconciliations were being approved by	
the bank reconciliations were all performed	outstanding items should be investigated and details	anyone other than the preparer.	
together in one instance when staff returned	of any findings and/or actions taken noted.	The bank reconciliation as at 31 August	
to the academy in September 2020 as		2021 also contained a number of long	
opposed to closing each month end and		outstanding items which require	
reconciling the bank statements on the last		investigation.	
day of each month. This led to creditor			
balances for PAYE and NI relating to June		Bank reconciliations were previously	
and July remaining within creditors on the		checked by the Head Teacher. There is an	
trial balance at year end.		additional layer of check that has been	
		implemented since September 2021 to	
		include the preparer, checker, and	
		approval by the Head.	
		Outstanding items are under investigation	
		with one being a large amount for possible	
		repayment of a covid grant – advice has	
		been sought about this	

4.1.2 Regulatory matters arising from our limited assurance work in previous management letter dated 23 October 2020



Findings	Recommendation	Current Position	Priority
1. ESFA exceptional government	As the trust has achieved a surplus in 2019/20, and in light	Appropriate provisions were made in	n/a
funding	of the guidance per the link below, even if the claim has been	the 2020 financial statements.	
The academy trust made a claim in the	successful, there may be a potential clawback of this	The disclosures in the 2021 financial	
current year for exceptional costs due to	exceptional Covid-19 funding relating to other exceptional	statements have been made in	
Covid-19. This included £7K relating to	costs.	accordance with the requirements	
free school meals in addition to £19K	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-	within the ESFA supplementary	
relating to other exceptional costs.	covid-19-financial-support-for-schools/school-funding-	bulletin	
	exceptional-costs-associated-with-coronavirus-covid-19-		
	for-the-period-march-to-july-2020		
	We therefore recommend the trust considers raising a		
	provision against the £19K relating to the other exceptional		
	costs claim. This would enable the trust to forecast more		
	prudently going forward, in the event of a clawback for this		
	funding in the future.		
2. Internal Scrutiny	The Academies Financial Handbook requires the audit	Three internal scrutiny visits took	n/a
It was noted that there were only 2	committee to meet at least 3 times a year and to consider any	place during the academic year.	
internal scrutiny visits during 2019/2020.	reports from the internal scrutineer when they meet.		
	Therefore, we recommend the academy ensures that there		
	are three separate internal scrutiny visits during the year for		
	the audit committee to review. For further information		
	regarding this, please refer to the government website		
	below:		
	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/academy-		
	trust-financial-management-good-practice-guides/internal-		
	scrutiny-in-academy-trusts#reporting-the-findings-of-the-		
	programme		

## 4.2.1 Audit matters arising from our audit work



Findings	Recommendation	Priority	Management Response
1. Accounting Software It was noted during our audit work that the account software ("Correrro"), was operating on an outdated version, which required updating or replacing.	We recommend that significant consideration is given to improving the accounting software utilised by the trust, to ensure an effective operation of the financial process.		The school is aware of the issues with the current software and have begun to investigate other options, including FMS (Capita), PSF and Access Financials.  If a new system is adopted, the DfE recommended chart of accounts will be adopted at the same time.
2. Control Account Reconciliations  It was noted that there was no evidence available that the following control accounts were being reconciled:  - Debtors Control Account - Creditors Control Account - Payroll / PAYE Control Account - VAT Control Account	We recommend that these reconciliations are carried out and appropriately evidenced as such as part of the monthly management accounts process.		Due to a lack of SBM/FM during the year 2020/21, this was not carried out regularly. Processes are being implemented to ensure that as part of the monthly reviews, these checks are in place.  Historic issues within the control accounts are also being investigated to ensure any outstanding amounts are reconciled where appropriate.
Findings	Recommendation	Priority	Management Response
3. Payroll Costs It was noted that there was a difference between the payroll costs recorded on the trial balance at year end compared with the payroll costs per the payroll reports.	The academy should reconcile the payroll costs posted to the ledger to those recorded on the payroll reports every month and identify and explain any difference.		Payroll reports are being reconciled monthly and checked to the costs posted to the ledger. Additional checks on payroll have been implemented to ensure the actual values match the expected values



## 4.2.2 Regulatory matters arising from our limited assurance work.

Findings	Recommendation	Priority	Management Response
1. Management Accounts It was noted that the management accounts prepared monthly, did not contain all the necessary items as prescribed by the Academies Financial Handbook (2020) section 2.21	We recommend that the trust includes all required		Management accounts from September 2021 have ensured that these missing areas are included.  These are reviewed by the Head with the Finance Manager and are then sent to the Chair of Governors monthly. The accounts for September and October were presented to
	include an income and expenditure account, variation to budget report, cash flows and balance sheet."		the committee in November 2021.



## 5. Other Issues

## 5.1 Schedule of Unadjusted Errors

There were no errors that we noted in carrying out our audit that have not already been adjusted in the financial statements.

### 5.2 Other communication requirements

- We have not been made aware of any other incidents in the period and no other issues have been identified during the course of our audit procedure
- We are not aware of any related party transactions which have not been disclosed
- We are not aware of any significant incidences of non-compliance
- Our review of the financial statements has found no material omissions in the financial statements

#### 5.3 Misstatements Identified

There have been no material misstatements identified during the course of our audit work.

### 5.4 Significant difficulties met

There were no significant difficulties encountered during the course of our audit work.



## 6.2 <u>Future Developments in the Sector</u>

### 6.2.1 ACADEMIES - CHART OF ACCOUNTS

The Department for Education ["DfE"] has recently introduced a new chart of accounts for academies, an electronic copy of which can be accessed from the link below. Developed in conjunction with representatives from the sector, and software providers, this new chart of accounts is to become the new standard within the sector. It is anticipated that in the future, adoption of the chart of accounts would allow the automated transfer of data from the accounting system to the Education and Skills Funding Agency ["EFSA"] for financial returns. It is also expected that the implementation will allow for the provision of accurate financial benchmarking information, theoretically providing academies with greater assurance when comparing their finances with other similar academies.

Lord Agnew, the former Parliamentary Under Secretary of State for the School System commented as follows: "By having a standard chart of accounts, we create the essential building blocks for the new system as it provides a consistent way of recording financial data for all academy trusts. This will allow us to reduce the burden on trusts through the electronic submission of financial data directly from finance systems and adding greater value to trusts by enabling us to create new financial efficiency tools as well as improve the timeliness and quality of the existing tools."

#### WHEN DO ACADEMIES NEED TO ADOPT THE CHART OF ACCOUNTS?

The formal adoption of the Academies Chart of Accounts is currently voluntary, although the DfE do recommend adopting for use from September 2019 onwards. They are actively "encouraging trusts to work with their financial software suppliers to adopt the chart of accounts." It is anticipated that adoption will become mandatory in the future, although the timeframe for this has not yet been provided.

By adopting fully the chart of accounts, the academy will be utilising the standard ledger codes thus allowing the full integration with the accounting software, significantly reducing the time it takes to complete online forms. Changes can be made to the standard ledger codes, but these would run the risk of minimising the automation process and requiring manual input of data.

The DfE do note, that Trust's will not need to use all of the standard codes, especially those on the balance sheet, which reflect the full gamut of the DfE's financial reporting. Instead, these can be marked as inactive on the accounting system

#### ACCOUNTING SYSTEM PROVIDERS

In the development stage for the Chart of Accounts, the DfE consulted with the following finance system suppliers within the sector:

- Access Education, Capita SIMS, Civica Corero, Hoge 100, Orovia, PS Financials, RM and Sage

All above suppliers (and indeed all providers operating in the sector) will be knowledgeable concerning the adoption of the new chart of accounts, and therefore we recommend that they



should be the first port of call to discuss the implications of the trust adopting the new chart of accounts. They will also be able to advise on the what tailoring to the standard nominal ledger codes can be done, without compromising the integrity of the software.

#### WHEN SHOULD THE TRUST ADOPT THE CHART OF ACCOUNTS?

As stated above, the adoption of the standard chart of accounts is currently not being forced upon trusts. However, it is likely, in the near to medium term future that the ESFA will make it a mandatory requirement of <u>all trusts</u> to adopt the academies chart of accounts. Therefore, <u>it is incumbent on all trusts to actively prepare for the transfer</u>. In certain instances transferring onto the new chart of accounts ought to be the default option, as detailed below.

- a. When the current contract for the accounting system is due for renewal. It is recommended, both with the incumbent provider, and others to which the trust tenders, that it is a pre-requisite of the tendering process that the adoption of the new chart of accounts is both implemented and fully supported by the provider.
- b. <u>Change in the MAT structure.</u> Any change to the structure of a MAT (new schools / academies joining and / or leaving etc.) will impact significantly on the accounting system. Therefore, it is likely that this will be an opportune time to implement the new chart of accounts.

#### LANDAU BAKER - HOW CAN WE HELP?

The conversion of the existing chart of accounts to a new one can be daunting, with new processes to learn, changes in reporting and the potential risk of a loss of integrity of the data. As stated above, it is recommended that the assistance of your software provider is engaged in this matter.

In addition, Landau Baker, are able to offer a 'transfer verification transition service, to ensure that the closing balances on the old chart of accounts have been fully transferred and are traceable into the new chart of accounts, thus providing a necessary audit trail. Landau Baker are also able to assist in the induction of staff when using the new chart of accounts, enabling them to identify and produce the necessary reports required for both monthly and year end reporting.

With regards to the cost for this service, we will charge our current daily rate of £1,000 (plus VAT).

#### **KEY LINKS**

Academies Chart of Accounts - <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/academies-chart-of-accounts">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/academies-chart-of-accounts</a>

Guide to adopting the Chart of Accounts - <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications</a> /academies-chart-of-accounts/guide-to-adopting-the-academies-chart-of-accounts



## 6.3 Technical Help-sheets

#### 6.3.1 <u>ACADEMIES – TAX ADVISORY WORK</u>

Despite being publicly funded, academy trusts are largely subject to the same tax requirements as those of an incorporated charity. As such, there are a number of considerations that they need to take in to account, to ensure that they optimise the tax exemptions available, whilst avoiding non-compliance with the prevailing regulations and the potential ensuing penalties.

In order to assist trusts in this matter, Landau Baker are able to offer practical on-site guidance, from dedicated members of the academies team, ensuring that the tax position of each trust is both fully compliant and optimal for the specific requirements of each individual trust.

Detailed below are examples of the type of tax advisory work that can typically be undertaken for trusts. Alternatively, we can tailor our work accordingly to focus on specific areas.

#### **SYSTEMS REVIEW**

- ➤ Undertaking a complete and comprehensive review of the Trust's systems and controls pertaining to Corporation Tax, VAT and PAYE.
- ➤ Advising as to whether the systems are fully compliant with prevailing UK tax requirements.
- > Providing recommendations in order to improve operational efficiency (if applicable).

#### **REVIEW OF INCOME**

- Analysing the multiple income streams of the Trust in order to assess both corporation tax and VAT implications for each one individually.
- > Ensuring that the Trust is fully compliant and is paying the correct level of tax (if applicable).
- ➤ Review structure of the Trust for tax efficiency is it appropriate to set up a trading company?
- ➤ Ensure that any trading company is operating in the most tax efficient manner (if applicable).

#### **VAT REVIEW**

- Advise whether VAT 126 forms are the most appropriate for the Trust checking that the VAT threshold hasn't been breached.
- ➤ Review the completed VAT 126 forms / VAT returns to ensure that they have been accurately prepared.
- ➤ Advise whether VAT registration is appropriate for the Trust.
- Ensure that any partial exemption / business use calculations are being made and check for accuracy and reasonableness.



➤ Check VAT on catering is being correctly applied.

### **VAT ADVICE - PLANNED PROJECTS**

In certain instances - for example when a trust is undertaking a significant capital spend - it is often prudent to enlist the services of a VAT specialist. This recommendation is to ensure that any potential VAT issues can be identified early to allow the Trust the opportunity to proceed accordingly. This will also ensure that any potential VAT refund due, can be received promptly and in full by the Trust.

Our daily charge for the above work is £1,000 (plus VAT).

Should you require any assistance regarding the above, please do not hesitate to contact either Carly Pinkus, Jake Lew or Jonny Weatherall on 0208 359 9988.